Introduction

This course examines the private equity marketplace. Private equity is a major source of capital for both new ventures and established firms. Private equity is the investment of capital in the equity of private companies to fund growth or in public companies to take them private. Private equity is segregated into several sub-markets of which the principal focus of this class is on the venture capital and leveraged buyout markets. Since its origins after World War II, the size of the private equity market has grown substantially and has become institutionalized. For example, annual capital commitments to private equity funds have grown from $8 billion in 1991 to a peak of about $175 billion in 2000 before declining in 2001 and 2002. Since 2002 commitments have increased substantially. In fact, market sources estimate that more than $500 billion was raised in 2007. It is widely expected that the private equity market will grow in the coming years.

The objective of this course is to provide an overview of the private equity market from the differing perspectives of private equity investors (limited partners), private equity fund sponsors (general partners) and the managers of portfolio companies by focusing on the nature of the market and the strategies employed.

The “private equity cycle” will be explored and developed in the course. The private equity cycle includes: 1. Private equity fundraising and structure; 2. Investment origination, valuation, the investment decision, strategies for value creation and investment management; and 3. Exit strategies. Topics expected to be covered include:

1. Fundraising and Structure
   i. Private equity risk and return
   ii. Private equity manager selection
   iii. Asset allocation
iv. Structure of private equity funds  

v. Analyzing a fund investment opportunity  

vi. Raising a fund of fund  

vii. Raising a first time fund  

2. Investment Origination, Valuation, Value Creation and Management  
   i. Structure of private equity investments  
   ii. Private equity valuation methodologies  
   iii. Venture capital investments  
   iv. Buyout investments  
   v. Value creation strategies  
   vi. Investment management  

3. Investment Exit  
   i. Initial public offerings  
   ii. Sale of portfolio companies  
   iii. Distributions of portfolio investments  

4. Other topics (as time permits)  
   i. Discerning and Developing Opportunities  
   ii. Portfolio Management  
   iii. Corporate venture capital  
   iv. Private Equity in Emerging Markets  
   v. Secondary trading of fund investments  
   vi. Monetization of general partnership interests  

The teaching method will employ extensive reading, some lecture, and case studies. Since this is a mini-course, we will cover topics quickly, touching on the highlights rather than studying issues in depth. We will not discuss every topic or case in class but reading will be assigned on every topic. Students will be expected to actively participate in classroom discussion.

Class Prerequisites

*B01.2311.* Working knowledge of finance, including investments and investment banking, and management policy. Students who have taken similar courses such as Entrepreneurial Finance, Venture Capital Financing and Financing New Ventures should only take this class with the Instructor’s permission.

Schedule

Class will be held every Thursday from May 22nd until and including June 26th. A written assignment will be distributed on Thursday June 5th and will be due the following Thursday at the beginning of class. The written analysis of a case, distributed on the last
day of class, will be due no later than 9 pm on Thursday July 3rd. For every class, including the first class and except for the class where the first major assignment is due, students will prepare and hand in a short written analysis of a question the instructor distributes the previous week tied to the current reading assignment. Students are expected to work individually on all the weekly assignments and on the two major written papers.

**Primary Materials**

Harvard Business School cases and notes will constitute the primary course materials.

**Course Outline**

**Class One:**

**Topics**

1. Introduction to Private Equity
2. Fundraising
   i. Private equity risk and return
   ii. Private equity investment strategies
   iii. Private equity manager selection
   iv. Asset allocation

**Required Reading**

*Case Study:*

Joshua Lerner, “The Yale University Investments Office: August 2006”


**Class Two:**

**Topics**

2. Fundraising (continued)
   v. Analyzing a fund investment
   vi. Raising a fund of funds
   vii. Raising a first time fund

**Required Reading**

*Case Studies:*

Hardymon, Lerner, Leamon & Frank Angella, “Grove Street Advisors”

Hardymon & Bill Wasik, “Columbia Capital Corporation: Summer 1998”

Lerner & David Gallo, “Francisco Partners”
Notes:
Hardymon & Lerner, “A Note of Private Equity Partnership Agreements”
Lerner, “A Note on the Private Equity Fundraising Process”

Class Three: Topics
3. Investment Origination, Value Creation and Management
   i. Venture Capital
   ii. Valuation
   iii. Structure of Securities

Required Reading
Case Studies:
Lerner, Hardymon & Leamon, “AIT Group, PLC”
Hardymon & Wasik, “Metapath Software: September 1997”
Lerner, Hardymon & Leamon, “Endeca Technologies (A & B)”

Notes:
Michael J. Roberts & Lauren Barley, “How Venture Capitalists Evaluate Potential Venture Opportunities”
Linda Cyr, “A Note on Pre-money and Post-money Valuations (A & B)”
Lerner & John Willinge, “A Note on Valuation in Private Equity Settings”
Hardymon & Lerner, “A Note on Private Equity Securities”

Class Four: Topics
3. Investment Origination, Value Creation and Management (cont.)
   iii. Leveraged Investments
   iv. Value Creation, Management and Restructuring

Required Reading
Case Studies:
Malcolm Baker, James Quinn “Berkshire Partners: Bidding for Carter’s”
Malcolm S. Salter, “Regal Cinemas (A) and (B)”

Notes:
Carliss Baldwin, “A Technical Note on LBO Valuation (A) and (B)”

Class Five:
Topics
iv. Value Creation, Management and Restructuring (Cont.)
4. Investment Exit
   i. Initial Public Offerings
   ii. Sales of Portfolio Companies
   iii. Distributions of public stocks

Required Reading
Case Studies:
Lerner, Hardymon & Leamon “Apax Partners and Xerium S.A.”

Lerner, Dino Cattaneo & Giampiero Mazza, “Investitori Associati: Exiting the Savio LBO (A & B)”

Notes:
Lerner, Hardymon & Leamon, “Between a Rock and a Hard Place: Valuation and Distribution in Private Equity”

Lerner, “A Note on the Initial Public Offering Process”

Class Six:
Topics
5. Other Issues (as time allows)
   i. Discerning and Developing Opportunities
   ii. Portfolio Management
   iii. Private Equity in Emerging Markets
   iv. Corporate venture capital
   v. Secondary trading of fund investments
   vi. Monetization of general partnership interests

Required Reading
Case Studies:
Hardymon, Leamon “Actis and CDC: A New Partnership”

Hardymon, Lerner, “Martin Smith: May 2000”

Hardymon, Lerner, “Martin Smith: May 2002”

Hardymon, “Venture Capital Case Vignettes”
Unlike many finance courses this course is not an overly quantitative course. While the section discussing valuation contains quantitative work, the main focus will be on analytics, especially qualitative factors. This course places a strong emphasis on presentation and discussion skills. Students will need to explain their thinking about an issue to the class and the Instructor. Participation will be an important element of the final grade as described below. Participation will be judged primarily on the quality of the insight provided in the classroom comments rather than on the quantity of the participation. Students will participate either by volunteering or by being selected to participate by the Instructor. Relatively frequent contributions to the discussion that demonstrate logical and complete analysis will be required to excel in the participation portion of the grade. Name cards are highly recommended. If feasible, the Instructor may utilize assigned seating. The Instructor cannot properly evaluate your classroom participation if the Instructor does not know who you are.

**Assessment**

The instructor will follow the suggested grade distribution standards of the Stern Department of Finance for upper division graduate courses. These guidelines suggest the following grade distribution: “A” 10%, “A-” 10-15%, “B+” 10%, “B” 50-60% and “C” 10%. Grades will be based 35% on the first written major assignment, 45% on the second written major assignment (case analysis), 10% on the five weekly assignments and 10% on class participation.

**Instructor**

Robert Semmens was a Co-Founder and General Partner of the Beacon Group, a Private Equity and M&A Advisory firm formed in 1993. At Beacon, he raised and managed the $650 million Beacon Group Energy Investment Fund, L.P and the $950 million Beacon Group Energy Investment Fund II, L.P. The Beacon Group Energy Investment Funds were private equity funds focused on making investments in the global energy business. In addition, he also managed a hedge fund of fund invested in a variety of market neutral
strategies. JP Morgan Chase acquired the Beacon Group in the summer of 2000 and until 2001 he was a consultant to JP Morgan Chase. Prior to co-founding Beacon, he was a Vice-President at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Investment Banking Division where he concentrated on corporate financings, mergers & acquisitions and private investments, all in the energy area. He also worked at J. Aron, the commodity and currency trading division of Goldman Sachs, in oil and gas derivatives. He has a BA from the University of Arizona (Economics), a Masters of Business Administration (Finance) from the J.L. Kellogg Graduate School of Management at Northwestern University and a Juris Doctor from the Northwestern University School of Law. He is currently a private investor in early stage companies and LBOs, serves on the Board of four companies and is a member of NY Angels, an early stage-investing group.

Course Packet and Useful References

The course packet consists of the notes and the cases that will be discussed during the course. The course packet is the only required text. However, students may find the following books to be useful references at various times during the course.

General references:

Private equity references:


Valuation references:
Other Comments

If you miss a class, you are responsible for any material that you miss, including any weekly assignments and administrative announcements.

To be fair to other students, there will be no extra-credit assignments.

Your final grade will be determined solely by the system described above.

The written assignments and the written cases will be available from the instructor.

The Stern Default Policies shall be followed except as otherwise indicated.

Students shall adhere to the MBA Honor Code. Every student is obligated to report to the Instructor any suspected violation of the code that he or she has observed.

Upon request, the Instructor will re-grade the student’s work but only at the end of the term and only by reviewing each and every assignment of the term. The Instructor will not re-grade single assignments. The student will then receive the grade arising from the re-grade even if it is lower than the original grade.

Instructions for Preparing Written Case Analyses

1. Read the case carefully. Identify the significant points and relationships. Use the exhibits to help you understand and/or interpret the text.

2. Analyze the data presented in the case and evaluate it in light of the situation. Try to understand not only the present situation, but also its historical origin and how it developed.

3. Decide what the major problems are and, if appropriate, prioritize them.

4. With the problems in mind, identify the feasible alternative courses of action. Determine what additional information is necessary to evaluate the alternative courses of action. Obtain that additional information if possible. If the information is not possible to obtain, note the information you would like to obtain.
5. Decide what your specific recommendation is to be. In doing so, use your understanding of the alternatives to frame a solution to the problem(s), and predict and evaluate the probable consequences of your solution.

6. Decide how you will organize the presentation of your solution to the case.

**Document Organization**

1. **Problem Statement:** Identify the problem(s) concisely, using whatever case facts are necessary to show significance and/or priority.

2. **Analysis:** Avoid generalities. Be as specific as possible. Express your ideas clearly, supporting them adequately with evidence, explanation, and references to appropriate exhibits. The strengths and weaknesses of alternative courses of action should be developed. The analysis should build to support your recommendation. Reasons for accepting or rejecting alternatives should be stated and, if necessary, defended.

3. **Recommendation:** State your recommendation clearly and in detail sufficient to guide implementation. Discuss both the positive and negative results of following your recommendation and why you think that it is the appropriate course of action. Make sure that the recommendation follows logically from your analysis.

**Document Format**

The written analyses will be written as reports to senior management. The first page should provide a short executive summary that is no more than one paragraph long. The detailed analysis should be presented on the following pages. The written text should not exceed 5 pages. All pages should be numbered and the document typed with one-inch margins and double spacing. Use a 12 point font or larger. Tables, charts, spreadsheets, or any other supporting materials may be attached as exhibits. Each exhibit must be referred to in the text and clearly labeled. The weekly assignments can be written in whatever format the student finds most useful but cannot exceed one written page (although analytics may comprise additional pages.) The Instructor recommends an outline format for the weekly assignments.
CASE PACKET

1. Yale University Investments Office: August 2006, HBS # 9-807-073
3. Grove Street Advisors, HBS #9-804-050
5. Francisco Partners, HBS # 9-200-063
6. A Note on Private Equity Partnership Agreements, HBS # 9-294-084
7. A Note on the Private Equity Fundraising Process, HBS # 9-201-042
8. AIT Group, PLC, HBS #9-803-104
10. Endeca Technologies (A), (B) HBS # 9-802-141 & #9-802-142
11. How Venture Capitalists Evaluate Potential Opportunities, HBS 9-085-019
12. A Note on Pre-money and Post-money Valuation (A & B), HBS # 9-801-446
13. A Note on Valuation in a Private Equity Setting, HBS # 9-297-050
14. A Note on Private Equity Securities, HBS # 9-200-027
15. Berkshire Partners: Bidding for Carter’s, HBS # 9-205-058
16. Regal Cinemas (A) and (B), HBS # 9-902-019 & HBS # 9-902-020
17. A Technical Note on LBO Valuations (A) & (B), HBS # 9-902-004 & HBS # 9-902-005
18. Apax Partners and Xerium S.A., HBS # 9-804-084
19. Investitori Associati: Exiting the Savio LBO (A) and (B), HBS # 9-299-048 & HBS # 9-299-106
20. Between a Rock and a Hard Place: Valuation and Distribution in Private Equity, HBS # 9-803-161
22. Martin Smith, May 2000, HBS # 9-200-046
23. Martin Smith: May 2002, HBS # 9-802-160
24. Venture Capital Case Vignettes, HBS # 9-801-408
25. Actis and CDC: A New Partnership, HBS#9-805-122
26. Vignette: The Rebar Dilemma, HBS #9-803-091
27. Good Money after Bad? HBR Reprint # R0703A
28. The Perfect CEO, HBS #9-805-156
29. A Note on Corporate Venture Capital, HBS # 9-201-036
30. A Note on Private Equity in Developing Countries, HBS #9-208-307